Costello syndrome

Costello syndrome is a disorder that affects many parts of the body. This condition is characterized by delayed development and intellectual disability, loose folds of skin (which are especially noticeable on the hands and feet), unusually flexible joints, and distinctive facial features including a large mouth. Heart problems are common, including an abnormal heartbeat (arrhythmia), structural heart defects, and a type of heart disease that enlarges and weakens the heart muscle (hypertrophic cardiomyopathy). Infants with Costello syndrome may be larger than average at birth, but most have difficulty feeding and grow more slowly than other children. People with this condition have relatively short stature and may have reduced growth hormone levels. Other signs and symptoms of Costello syndrome can include tight Achilles tendons (which connect the calf muscles to the heel), weak muscle tone (hypotonia), a structural abnormality of the brain called a Chiari I malformation, skeletal abnormalities, dental problems, and problems with vision.

Beginning in early childhood, people with Costello syndrome are at an increased risk of developing certain cancerous and noncancerous tumors. The most common noncancerous tumors associated with this condition are papillomas, which are small, wart-like growths that usually develop around the nose and mouth or near the anus. The most common cancerous tumor associated with Costello syndrome is a childhood cancer called rhabdomyosarcoma, which begins in muscle tissue. Neuroblastoma, a tumor that arises in developing nerve cells, also has been reported in children and adolescents with this syndrome. In addition, some teenagers with Costello syndrome have developed transitional cell carcinoma, a form of bladder cancer that is usually seen in older adults.

The signs and symptoms of Costello syndrome overlap significantly with those of two other genetic conditions, cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome (CFC syndrome) and Noonan syndrome. In affected infants, it can be difficult to tell the three conditions apart based on their physical features. However, the conditions can be distinguished by their genetic cause and by specific patterns of signs and symptoms that develop later in childhood.

Frequency

This condition is very rare; it probably affects 200 to 300 people worldwide. Reported estimates of Costello syndrome prevalence range from 1 in 300,000 to 1 in 1.25 million people.

Genetic Changes

Mutations in the *HRAS* gene cause Costello syndrome. This gene provides instructions for making a protein called H-Ras, which is part of a pathway that helps control cell growth and division. Mutations that cause Costello syndrome lead to the production of an H-Ras protein that is abnormally turned on (active). The overactive protein directs cells to grow and divide constantly, which can lead to the development of cancerous and noncancerous tumors. It is unclear how mutations in the *HRAS* gene cause the other features of Costello syndrome, but many of the signs and symptoms probably result from cell overgrowth and abnormal cell division.

Some people with signs and symptoms of Costello syndrome do not have an identified mutation in the *HRAS* gene. These individuals may actually have CFC syndrome or Noonan syndrome, which are caused by mutations in related genes. The proteins produced from these genes interact with one another and with the H-Ras protein as part of the same cell growth and division pathway. These interactions help explain why mutations in different genes can cause conditions with overlapping signs and symptoms.

Inheritance Pattern

Costello syndrome is considered to be an autosomal dominant condition, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder. Almost all reported cases have resulted from new gene mutations and have occurred in people with no history of the disorder in their family.

Other Names for This Condition

- faciocutaneoskeletal syndrome
- FCS syndrome

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing

 Genetic Testing Registry: Costello syndrome https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C0587248/

Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

 GeneReview: Costello Syndrome https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1507

General Information from MedlinePlus

- Diagnostic Tests https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
- Drug Therapy https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
- Genetic Counseling https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html
- Palliative Care https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html
- Surgery and Rehabilitation https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html

Additional Information & Resources

MedlinePlus

- Health Topic: Cancer https://medlineplus.gov/cancer.html
- Health Topic: Congenital Heart Defects https://medlineplus.gov/congenitalheartdefects.html
- Health Topic: Developmental Disabilities
 https://medlineplus.gov/developmentaldisabilities.html
- Health Topic: Skin Conditions https://medlineplus.gov/skinconditions.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

 Costello syndrome https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/1550/costello-syndrome

Educational Resources

- Disease InfoSearch: Costello Syndrome http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Costello+Syndrome/1942
- MalaCards: costello syndrome http://www.malacards.org/card/costello_syndrome
- My46 Trait Profile https://www.my46.org/trait-document?trait=Costello%20syndrome&type=profile
- Orphanet: Costello syndrome http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=3071

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- American Heart Association http://www.heart.org/HEARTORG/Conditions/CongenitalHeartDefects/Congenital-Heart-Defects_UCM_001090_SubHomePage.jsp
- Children's Craniofacial Association http://www.ccakids.com/
- MAP Program at the Alfred I. duPont Hospital for Children https://www.nemours.org/service/medical/map.html?location=naidhc
- National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD)
 https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/costello-syndrome/
- Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/costello.html
- The MAGIC Foundation https://www.magicfoundation.org/

GeneReviews

 Costello Syndrome https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1507

ClinicalTrials.gov

ClinicalTrials.gov
 https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22costello+syndrome%22

Scientific Articles on PubMed

PubMed

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28costello+syndrome%5BTIAB %5D%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last +1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D

OMIM

 COSTELLO SYNDROME http://omim.org/entry/218040

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